US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT



Glyphosnie/Tox

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460



JN 23 1986

MEMORANDUM:

OFFICE OF PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

EPA Reg. No. 524-343; Rodeo; PP# 3F2956; SUBJECT:

Glyphosate in/on Shellfish; Revised Section F;

"Free Standing" Summary

TO:

Robert Taylor

Product Manager (25)

Registration Division (TS-767)

Residue Chemistry Branch

Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-769)

THRU:

Edwin Budd, Section Head

Review Section II Toxicology Branch

Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-769)

FROM:

William Dykstra

Toxicology Branch

Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-769)

William Dykota 6/9/86

The data available in considering the tolerances include:

Rat oral LD50 0

4320 mg/kg (M+F)

Rabbit teratology 0 Rat teratology

Negative: 350 mg/kg (HDT) Negative: 3500 mg/kg (HDT)

3-generation

rat reproduction

NOEL = 10 mg/kg/day

26-month rat

feeding study

Oncogenic potential: negative NOEL = 31 mg/kg/day (HDT)

2-year oncogenic

mouse feeding study:

Oncogenic potential: indeterminate

at 30,000 ppm (HDT)

o Multi-test

mutagenic studies :

Negative

Tentative NOEL = 20 mg/kg/dayOne-year dog study:

2. No data are currently lacking. However, based on the SAP review of the oncogenic potential of glyphosate, it was concluded that "there be a data call-in for further studies in rats and/or mice to clarify unresolved questions." A repeat of the chronic/oncogenic rat feeding study at dosages corresponding to the maximum tolerated dose and a repeat of the mouse oncogenicity study will be required to further address the MTD questions relating to the oncogenicity of glyphosate.

- 3. The registrant will be informed of these repeat studies.
- 4. Tolerances have been established for the combined residues of glyphosate and its metabolite aminomethyl phosphonic acid in several raw agricultural commodities (40 CFR 180.364).
- 5. Published tolerances utilize 23.73% of the ADI.

 O.74

 The current action utilizes 0.81% of the ADI.
- 6. The ADI is based on the NOEL of 10 mg/kg/day in the 3-generation rat reproduction study. A 100 fold safety factor was utilized in calculating the ADI.

 $ADI = \frac{NOEL}{100}$

ADI = 10 mg/kg/day x $\frac{1}{100}$

ADI = 0.10 mg/kg/day

The MPI is 6.0 mg/day for a 60 kg person.

- 7. There are no pending regulatory actions against registration of the pesticide.
- 8. The Agency recently requested the SAP to consider the potential oncogenicity of glyphogste. In their 2/24/86 report, the SAP concluded that "glyphosate be categorized as Group D (not classified) and that there be a data call-in for further studies in rats and/or mice to clarify unresolved questions."

If the Agency concurs with the SAP position, glyphosate may not be considered oncogenic in male mice. If this is the case, the Delaney clause may not apply to 409 tolerances for glyphosate.

Depending of the Agency's position relative to the SAP conclusions, the requested tolerances may or may not be toxicologically supported.